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Class _____

Chapter 34 Test Electric Current

True or False Questions

Circle the correct answer.

т	F	1. Charge will move in a conductor when there is a difference in
		potential between the ends of the conductor.

- **T F 2.** The unit of electric current is the ampere.
- **T F 3.** Most of the electricity we buy through power companies is DC current.
 - F 4. When you turn on a light, electrons move at speeds near the speed of light in order to light up the light bulb.
 - F 5. Electrical outlets in our walls are a source of electrons to run electrical appliances.

Multiple Choice Questions

Choose the best answer to each question and write the appropriate letter in the space provided.

- 6. An example of a voltage source is
 - **a.** a dry cell.
 - **b.** rubbing a rubber rod with fur.
 - **c.** a car battery.
 - **d.** all of the above
- 7. Electrical resistance in a wire depends on the wire's
 - a. conductivity.
 - **b.** length.
 - **c.** thickness.
 - **d.** all of the above
 - 8. Compared to thin wires, electrical resistance in thick wires is
 - a. greater.
 - **b.** less.
 - **c.** the same.
 - **9.** When connected to a 120-volt power supply, how much current exists in a light bulb that has a resistance of 240 ohms?
 - **a.** 28,800 A
 - **b.** 240 A
 - **c.** 120 A
 - **d.** 0.5 A
- **10.** If you accidentally grabbed the prongs of a partially plugged-in 120-V electrical plug on a day when your skin resistance was 120,000 ohms, how much current would pass through your body?
 - **a.** 12,000,000 A
 - **b.** 1000 A
 - **c.** 120 A
 - **d.** 0.001 A

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 The primary reason a bird can perch harmlessly on bahigh voltage wires is that a bird has a very large electrical resistance. b a bird's feet are close together. c there is no potential difference across the bird's feet d all of these 	
 2. In an alternating current circuit, electron flow is a. slower than a snail's pace. b. almost the speed of light. c. simply back and forth, going nowhere. 	
 3. Current from a battery isa. DC.b. AC.	

Math Problems

Solve the following problems in the space provided. Show all work.

- **14.** How much voltage is required to make 10 amperes flow through a 10-ohm resistor?
- **15.** What is the power dissipated by a toaster that has a resistance of 20 ohms plugged into a 120-V outlet?

Essay Question

On a separate sheet of paper, answer the following question.

16. What is the difference between direct current and alternating current? When we plug a light bulb into a wall outlet, where do the electrons come from?